



# **MAT810**

There are no chattering and spike at switching moment because of differing from traditional mechanical attenuator.

The precise simulation of wireless communication is capable by setting the attenuation step small.

The frequency band is divided into sixteen and the calibration is done at each frequency so that the frequency characteristics of attenuation is made flat.



#### <Application examples>

WiMAX, Mobile phone, W-LAN, RFID, Bluetooth, Micro-power radio, Car navigation, ETC&DSRC and digital terrestrial broadcasting etc.

#### Specifications

Frequency range VSWR

Maximum attenuation Setting resolution

#### Accuracy

at each calibration frequency point and +10dBm input

Insertion loss Maximum input level Input damage level Input/output connector 300MHz to 6.6GHz

less than 1.8@1 to 4.5GHz less than 2.2@0.3 to 6.6GHz  $\,$ 

60dB 0.05dB

±0.6dB@0 to 15dB

 $\pm 1.0 dB@15$  to 35 dB

 $\pm\,1.2\mathrm{dB}@35$  to  $50\mathrm{dB}$ 

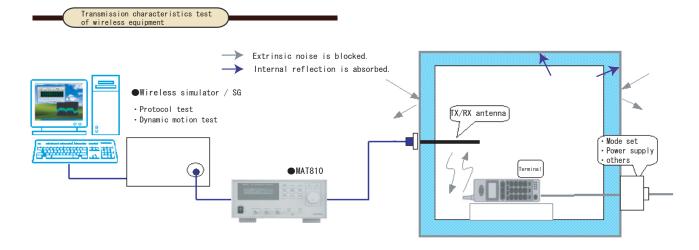
 $\pm 1.8 dB@50$  to 56dB  $\pm 2.2 dB@56$  to 60dB

less than 6.4dB@2GHz

25mW@1dB compression +20dBm, 50VDC Max

SMA(J)

X Other specifications are the same as MAT800 series.



- 1 The bidirectional communication between the wireless simulator and the terminal unit put in the anechoic box is performed through TX/RX antenna installed in the box.
- ② Each protocol test (layer one to three) is done by using the simulator.
- 3 Handover test and fallback test is available, too.

## **MICRONIX**

### AGENCY

### MICRONIX CORPORATION